

UDC 621.882.215.3.082.8.091.6

August 1990

Cross recessed countersunk head tapping screws

DIN
7982

Senk-Blechschauben mit Kreuzschlitz

Supersedes December 1984 edition.

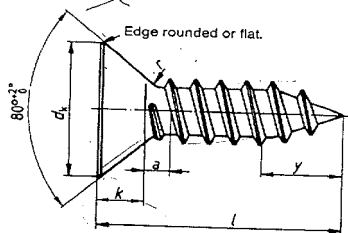
In keeping with current practice in standards published by the International Organization for Standardization (ISO), a comma has been used throughout as the decimal marker.

This standard should be used together with ISO 7050. For details, see Explanatory notes. It is intended to withdraw the present standard by 31 July 1995 at the latest.

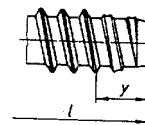
Dimensions in mm

1 Dimensions

Type C₁ with cone point
(previously, type B)

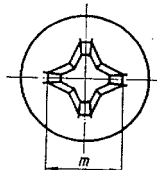


Type F, with long dog point
(previously, type BZ)

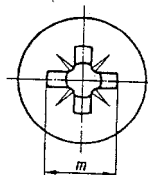


Other dimensions as shown at left.

Cross recess type H



Cross recess type Z



Continued on pages 2 to 4

Table 1.

Thread size		ST2,2	ST2,9	ST3,5	(ST3,9)	ST4,2	ST4,8	ST5,5	ST6,3			
<i>P</i> ¹⁾		0,8	1,1	1,3	1,3	1,4	1,6	1,8	1,8			
<i>a</i> max.		0,8	1,1	1,3	1,3	1,4	1,6	1,8	1,8			
<i>d_x</i> max. = nominal size		4,3	5,5	6,8	7,5	8,1	9,5	10,8	12,4			
<i>d_x</i> min.		4	5,2	6,44	7,14	7,74	9,14	10,37	11,97			
<i>k</i> ≈		1,3	1,7	2,1	2,3	2,5	3	3,4	3,8			
<i>r</i> max.		0,8	1,1	1,4	1,5	1,6	1,9	2,1	2,4			
Cross recess No.		1		2			3					
<i>m</i> ≈		2,5	3	4,2	4,6	4,7	5,1	6,8	7,1			
Type H Penetration depth		min.	1,02	1,4	1,62	2,03	2,11	2,59	2,95	3,33		
max.		1,32	1,7	2,12	2,53	2,62	3,1	3,53	3,91			
Type Z Penetration depth		min.	1,1	1,48	1,6	1,85	2,05	2,64	2,72	3,38		
max.		1,35	1,73	2,06	2,31	2,51	3,1	3,18	3,84			
Type C		2	2,6	3,2	3,5	3,7	4,3	5	6			
Type F		1,6	2,1	2,5	2,7	2,8	3,2	3,6	3,6			
<i>l</i>					Approximate mass (7,85 kg/dm ³), per 1000 units, in kg							
Nominal size	Type C		Type F									
	min.	max.	min.	max.								
6,5	5,7	7,3	5,7	6,5	0,140	0,242						
9,5	8,7	10,3	8,7	9,5	0,200	0,350	0,548	0,658	0,775	1,10		
13	12,2	13,8	12,2	13	0,270	0,476	0,722	0,880	1,02	1,45	2,11	2,53
16	15,2	16,8	15,2	16	0,330	0,584	0,871	1,07	1,23	1,75	2,49	3,07
19	18,2	19,8	18,2	19		0,692	1,02	1,26	1,44	2,05	2,87	3,61
22	21,2	22,8	20,7	22			1,17	1,45	1,65	2,35	3,26	4,15
25	24,2	25,8	23,7	25			1,32	1,64	1,86	2,65	3,65	4,69
32	30,7	33,3	30,7	32					2,35	3,35	4,56	5,95
38	36,7	39,3	36,7	38							5,34	7,03

Commercial sizes are those screws for which a value of mass has been specified. These values are for guidance only. The thread size in brackets should be avoided if possible. The core hole diameter shall be as specified in DIN 7975.

¹⁾ *P* = pitch of thread.

2 Technical delivery conditions

Table 2.

Material	Steel
General requirements	As specified in DIN 267 Part 1.
Screw threads and thread ends	As specified in DIN 7970.
Cross recesses	As specified in DIN 7962.
Mechanical properties and material	As specified in DIN 267 Part 12.
Limit deviations and geometrical tolerances	Product grade A as specified in ISO 4759 Part 1 ¹⁾ .
Surface finish	As processed. DIN 267 Part 2 shall apply with regard to surface roughness. DIN 267 Part 19 shall apply with regard to permissible surface discontinuities ²⁾ . DIN 267 Part 9 shall apply with regard to electroplating, other types of surface protection being subject to agreement.
Acceptance inspection	DIN 267 Part 5 shall apply with regard to acceptance inspection.

¹⁾ Although ISO 4759 Part 1 covers only screws with ISO metric thread, the tolerances specified there have been adopted by analogy for tapping screws.

²⁾ Although DIN 267 Part 19 covers only screws with ISO metric thread, the specifications for surface discontinuities given there have been adopted by analogy for tapping screws.

3 Designation

Designation of an ST 3,5 countersunk head tapping screw of length, l (nominal size) = 13 mm, with cone point (type C) and type H cross recess¹⁾.

Tapping screw DIN 7982 – ST 3,5 × 13 – C – H

DIN 7504 shall apply with regard to tapping screws with drilling tip (self-drilling screws).

The DIN 4000 – 2 – 1 tabular layout of article characteristics shall apply for screws as covered in this standard.

Standards referred to

DIN 267 Part 1	Fasteners; technical delivery conditions; general requirements
DIN 267 Part 2	Fasteners; technical delivery conditions; design and dimensional accuracy
DIN 267 Part 5	Fasteners; technical delivery conditions; acceptance inspection (modified version of ISO 3269, 1984 edition)
DIN 267 Part 9	Fasteners; technical delivery conditions; electroplated parts
DIN 267 Part 12	Fasteners; technical delivery conditions; tapping screws
DIN 267 Part 19	Fasteners; technical delivery conditions; surface discontinuities on bolts
DIN 4000 Part 2	Tabular layouts of article characteristics for screws and nuts
DIN 7504	Drilling screws with tapping screw thread in accordance with DIN 7970; dimensions, requirements and testing
DIN 7962	Cross recesses for screws (modified version of ISO 4757)
DIN 7970	Threads and thread ends for tapping screws (modified version of ISO 1478)
DIN 7975	Tapping screws; application and core hole diameters
ISO 4759 Part 1	Tolerances for fasteners; bolts, screws and nuts with thread diameters from 1,6 to 150 mm; product grades A, B and C

Previous editions

DIN 7982: 07.53, 12.56, 08.59, 07.70, 12.72, 12.84.

¹⁾ Should symbols H and Z not be used in existing documentation based on previous editions of this standard, it shall be assumed that type H is meant. In the future, the cross recess type shall be identified for new designs and in purchase order documents with the symbol H or Z.

Amendments

The following amendments have been made to the December 1984 edition.

- A note on the period of validity has been included.
- For thread size ST 3,9, the values of pitch, P , and dimension a have been amended.
- For type F, the minimum values of l have been amended for nominal lengths 22 mm, 25 mm and 32 mm.
- A nominal length, l , of 4,5 mm is no longer included.
- The standard has been editorially revised.

Explanatory notes

In 1983, ISO 7721 was published in order to establish a common head style for all types of countersunk head screws. In the same year, a number of ISO Standards on metric countersunk head screws and countersunk head tapping screws with head styles complying with the specifications given in ISO 7721 were published. In these standards, a countersunk angle of 90° was specified for both types of screw, this being a departure from the previous international specification of tapping screws with an 80° angle. The performance of screws with a 90° angle was verified in a number of tests.

Although the decision to introduce the ISO common head style as established in ISO 7721 was made in 1977, it took quite a long time for this style to be adopted in national standards since ISO 7721 was primarily concerned with reducing the variety of screw heads but not with specifying other properties of such screws. The question was also whether it would be justifiable to ignore an International Standard on tapping screws and, instead, to introduce a head style for Germany only. In 1987, several countries, among them Germany, proposed to reconsider the decision to introduce the ISO common head style for tapping screws, where it was found that the majority of member countries had already adopted the ISO head in their national standards. The responsible ISO Committee, therefore, agreed not to make any alterations to the 1983 version of ISO 7721.

Taking the international development into account, the responsible German committee came to the conclusion that adoption of the international specifications on countersunk head screws would be inevitable, and decided to issue national standards on countersunk head screws with ISO head, granting, however, an adequate transition period after which the relevant DIN Standards would be withdrawn.

The decision to adopt the ISO head was seen to be justified by the formation of CEN/TC 185, Fasteners, in 1989 since relevant European Standards dealing with such screws will be published shortly. Note that such EN Standards will be accepted only if they agree with existing ISO Standards, to avoid another transition, and that the transition period mentioned on page 1 may be shorter if the EN Standards appear sooner than expected.

The following table, which compares the most essential head dimensions of screws, is intended to make it easier for the user to see whether screws are interchangeable.

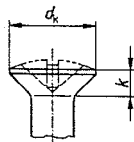


Table 3.

Values given in mm

Thread size		ST 2,2	ST 2,9	ST 3,5	ST 3,9	ST 4,2	ST 4,8	ST 5,5	ST 6,3	ST 8	ST 9,5
d_k max.	ISO 7050	3,8	5,5	7,3	—	8,4	9,3	10,3	11,3	15,8	18,3
	DIN 7982	4,3	5,5	6,8	7,5	8,1	9,5	10,8	12,4	—	—
k max.	ISO 7050	1,1	1,7	2,35	—	2,6	2,8	3	3,15	4,65	5,25
	DIN 7982	1,3	1,7	2,1	2,3	2,5	3	3,4	3,8	—	—

Note. In order to facilitate the use of ISO 7721 countersunk head screws, a standard on mating countersinks, DIN 66, has been published.

International Patent Classification

F 16 B 35/04