## DIN608-81 (1728x2273x2 tiff)

Fax:062084389

Aug 15 2001 9:52

P.01/04

UDC 621.882.215.091.6 October 1981 Flat countersunk square neck bolts DIN 608 with short square Senkschrauben mit niedrigem Vierkantansatz Supersedes 11.70 edition As it is current practice in standards published by the International Organization for Standardization (ISO), the comma has been used throughout as a decimal marker. Dimensions in mm 1 Field of application This standard specifies flat countersunk square neck bolt with short square, with metric threads M 10 and M 12, of product grade C. 2 Dimensions, designation è max. 2P incomplete screw thread (Ь) Designation of a flat countersunk square neck bolt with short square, with screw thread d = M 10, length l = 50 mm and strength category 3.6 or 4.6 (at manufacturer's discretion): Flat countersunk bolt DIN 608 - M 10 X 50 Continued on pages 2 to 4 96

### DIN608-81 (1728x2274x2 tiff) [2]

Fax:062084389

Aug 15 2001 9:52 P.02/04

## Page 2 DIN 608

	Screw thread d	M 10		M 12		
P 1)			1,5		1,75	
<i>b</i>			26		30	
d <sub>k</sub>		max.	19,65		24,65	
		min,	1 South State and the second state state of the second state and st 		23,35	
d, 2) (max.			10		12	
a, -)		min,	9,42		11,3	
ŕ		max.	8,45		11,05	
		min.	7,55		9,95	
r 3) max. v 2) max. min.			1,5		1,8	
			10,58		12,7	
			9,42		11,3	
			Shank lengths $l_s$ and $l_g$			
	i	, Í	l,	12	l,	L <sub>z</sub>
Nominal size	min,	max.	min,	max,	mie,	mex.
25	23,95	26,05	_	16	-	
30	28,95	31,05		16		20
35	33,75	36,25		16	<u> </u>	20
40	38,75	41,25		16		20
45	43,75	46,25	11,5	19	_	20
50	48,75	51,25	16,5	24	_	20

Lengths exceeding 50 mm must be graded by steps of 10 mm.

Intermediate lengths should be avoided wherever possible.

ja

1) P = thread pitch

<sup>2</sup>) For manufacturing reasons the + IT 15 tolerance is permissible for a shank without screw thread (including square). Therefore, the corresponding limiting dimension is given for p max.

The shank diameter may also be ~ pitch diameter at manufacturer's discretion

3) Radius r must be adhered to for a minimum length of 0,5 the square length below the head.

If flat countersunk bolts according to this standard are to be supplied in strength category 3.6 or 4.6 with hexagon nuts of strength category 5 according to DIN 555, the symbol Mu must be added to the designation, e.g.:

Flat countersunk bolt DIN 608 - M 10 × 50 - Mu

DIN 962 specifies additional forms, types and details of order, as far as the said standard is applicable to flat countersunk bolts.

## DIN608-81 (1728x2273x2 tiff) [3]

## Fax:062084389

Aug 15 2001 9:53

ę

P.03/04

DIN 608 Page 3

#### Technical delivery conditions 3

Material General requirements		Steel	
Screw thread	tolerance	according to DIN 267 Part 1	
	standard	8g	
Mechanical properties Permissible dimen- sional deviations		DIN 13 Part 13	
	strength category 1)	3.6 or 4.6 at manufacturer's discretion	
	standard	DIN ISO 898 Part 1	
	product grade	C (previous type g)	
	standard	DIN ISO 4759 Part 1	
Surface		DIN 267 Part 2 applies to the peak-to-valley heights of surfaces permissible surface defects according to DIN 267 Part 19 galvanic surface protection according to DIN 267 Part 9 hotelin extragationality	
Acceptance testing		hot-dip galvanizing according to DIN 267 Part 10 according to DIN 267 Part 5	

cific strength category is required this must be indicated in the designation, e.g.: Flat countersunk bolt DIN 608 - M 10 × 50 - 4.6

Other strength categories only on agreement.

# 4 Weights

The weights listed are reference values.

Screw thread d	M 10	M 12	
Length I	Weight (7,85 kg/dm <sup>3</sup> ) kg/1000 pieces≈		
25	18,2	Τ	
30	20,7	33,0	
35	23,2	36,6	
40	25,7	40,2	
45	28,8	43.8	
50	31,9	48,2	

# Standards referred to

DIN 13 Part 13	ISO metric screw thread; review of screw threads for bolts and nuts from 1 to 52 mm thread diameter and limiting sizes
DIN 267 Part 1	Bolts, screws, nuts and similar threaded and formed parts; technical conditions of delivery; general information
DIN 267 Part 2	Bolts, screws, nuts and similar threaded and formed parts; technical conditions of delivery; types and dimensional accuracy
DIN 267 Part 5	Bolts, screws, nuts and similar threaded and formed parts; technical conditions of delivery;
DIN 267 Part 9 DIN 267 Part 10 DIN 267 Part 10 DIN 267 Part 19 DIN 565 DIN 962 DIN ISO 272 DIN ISO 898 Part 1	Mechanical fasteners; technical conditions of delivery; components with electroplated coatings Fasteners; technical conditions of delivery; hot-tlip galvanized parts Fasteners; technical conditions of delivery; surface defects of screws Hexagon nuts; metric thread, type g Screws, bolts, studs and nuts; additional types and finishes; details of order and dimensions Fasteners, hexagon products, widths across flats Mechanical properties of fasteners; bolts, screws and studs
DIN ISO 4759 Part 1	Tolerances for fasteners; bolts, screws and nuts with thread diameters between 1,6 (inclusive) and 150 mm (inclusive) and product grades A, B and C

98

Fax:062084389

Aug 15 2001 9:53

Page 4 DIN 608

Former editions DIN 567: 01.26, 04.36; DIN 567 Supplement: 10.26; DIN 608 Part 1: 01.41, 05.53, 03.63; DIN 608: 04.26, 07.36, 12.67, 11.70

## Amendments

Compared with the November 1970 edition the following amendments and additions have been made:

- a) The "with hexagon nut according to DIN 555" type is no longer contained in the representation of the flat countersunk bolt. However, this type may still be ordered as part of this standard according to clause 2.
- b) The dimensioning of the bolts was changed. The shank lengths  $l_s$  and  $l_g$  were adopted,  $l_g$  max, indicating at the same time the minimum grip of the bolts. The former screw thread length b is just a reference dimension for calculating  $l_{a}$ and  $l_{g}$ . The difference between  $l_{s}$  min. and  $l_{g}$  max, is 5 X thread pitch, this value including the screw thread runout and  $i_{f}$  the contraction of the case of shorter bolts  $l_{g}$  max. = f max. + 5 P, with  $l_{g}$  falling in this range, i.e. these bolts have a thread almost reaching the square. This new kind of dimensioning does not adversely affect interchangeability (new for old), because the screw thread length b, taken as a basis for calculating  $l_s$  and  $l_g$ , was not changed.
- c) The limits of the individual dimensions were adopted. They have regard to the tolerances according to DIN ISO 4759 Part I, but this does not cause any significant changes as compared with the previous tolerances of DIN 267 Part 2.
- d) New limiting dimensions resulting from DIN 267 Part 2 were specified for the square taking into account the permissible upsetting which corresponds to + IT 15 within a length of 2 d below head. The present specifications in DIN 267
- e) The bolt weights were specified separately, the previous weights being reduced by the weights of the nuts.
- f) The strength categories refer to DIN ISO 898 Part 1. This standard supersedes DIN 267 Part 3. The strength categories 3.6 and 4.6 apply as usual. It is not intended to differentiate between 3.6 and 4.6, because this
- g) Details concerning the type were adapted to DIN ISO 4759 Part 1. This standard partly supersedes DIN 267 Part 2. It was not possible to completely dispense with DIN 267 Part 2 in favour of DIN ISO 4759 Part 1, because, e.g., the DIN ISO Standard does not contain any details on the surfaces (peak-to-valley heights). Apart from this, product grades A, B and C of DIN ISO 4759 Part 1 are practically identical with the previous types m, mg and g according to DIN 267 Part 2. Therefore, in this case, type g could be replaced easily by product grade C.
- h) The previous "edges of square radiused" type was replaced by adopting a maximum value for the rounding radius.