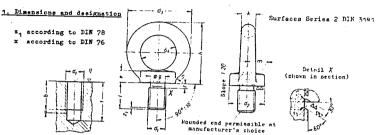
March 1972

Lifting Eye Bolts

<u>DIN</u> 580

Ringschrauben

Dimensions in mm



Designation of a lifting eye bolt with thread d<sub>1</sub> = N 20:

Lifting eye bolt N 20 DIN 560

d <sub>1</sub>	8 W	0 W	M 12 × 1.5"	16 × 1		24	8 3	36 × 36	42	48	26 S	M 64 M 64 × 4	M72×6	: B &	M 100 × 6 M 100 × 4	
b min.	13	17	20,5	27	30	36	45	54	63	1 6B	78	90	100	112	130	
d <sub>2</sub>	20	25	30	35	40	50	65	75	85	100	110	120	150	170	190	
ď3	36	45	54	63	72	90	108	126	144	166	184	206	260	296	330	
d <sub>4</sub>	20	25	30	35		50	60	70	80	90	100	110	140	160	180	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	. 6	8	10	12	14	18	22	26	30	35	38	42	50	55	60	
	2,5	3	3,5	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	111	12	12	12	12	
g h13	6	7,7	9,4	13	16,4	19,6	25	30,3	35,6	. 41	48,3	55,7	63,7	71.7	91,7	
<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	36	45	53	62	71	90	109	128	147	168	187	208	260	298	330	
k		10	12	14	16	20	24	28	32	38	42	48	60	68	75	
1 ±1/1 IT 15	13	17	20,5	27	30	36	45	54	63	68	78	90	100	112	130	
<u> </u>	10	12	14	16	. 19	24	28	32	38	46	50	58	72	. 80	88	
	4	4	6	6	8	12	15	18	20	22	25	25	35	35	40	
		-!	?_	2	2	2	3	3	3	4	4	4	4	4	4	
		!			1,6.1,2		* · · · · · · ·	i	2.5 2	2,5 2	3 2	3 2	3 7 2	3 2	3 2	
eight kg/piece =	18,5	22,5	26,5	33,5		44,5	55	65	75	B1	93	106	116	128	146	
eight kg/piece =	0,06	0,11	0,18	0,28	0,45		1,66	2,65	4,03	6,38	8,80	12,4	23,3	34.2	49,1	
d v T	— т		max)	EUD 1	ondin,	s by	the p	iece 1:	ifted	in kg						
for one bolt bolt	140	230	340	700	1200	1800	3600	5100	7000	8600	11 500	16 000	21 000	28 000	38 000	
for two total total	95	170	240	500	830	1270	2600	3700	5000	6100	8300	11000	15,000	20 000	27 000	

Experience indicates that it is unnecessary to specify a permineible angular variation between the axis of the tapped hole and the bearing face if both arr manufactured during the mame clasping of the workpiece.
 Only for the aircraft industry

Continued on page 2 Explanations on pages 2 and 3 Fax:062084389

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# 2. Technical conditions of delivery

## 2.1. Material

Miliminations.

Lifting are bolts according to the present Standard shall be manufactured solely from C 15 steel according to DIN 17210. They must be normalised and possess a minimum notched bar impact strength of 80 N m/cm2 (ISO round notch test bar) or of 90 N m/cm2 (DYN test bar).

Lifting eye bolts must be clean drop forgings. The permissible variations applying to forging class I according to ILM 7526 are applicable to the dimensions of the unmachined piece and to the flash and mismatch.

Forging defects which are likely to effect adversely the purpose of the lifting eye bolts by anything more than an insignificant degree are not permissible. after the blanks have been normalized, they must be de-scaled.

# 2.3. Screw threads

Tolerance quality medium (m), screwed assembly group N according to DIN 13 Part 14 (new edition at present still in dreft form).

## 2.4. Inspection and acceptance

The manufacturer shall guarantee that the specifications hald down in Sections 2.1 to 2.3 above have been strictly adhered to.

Special acceptance testings can be mutually agreed. The notched bar impact strongth shall be verified on a specimen taken from the normalized besic meterial, according to DIN 50115. 2.5. Marking

Each lifting eye bolt shall have the material symbol C 15 and the manufacturer's trade mark stamped on its collar.

## 2.6. Mode of delivery

Lifting eye bolts shall be delivered in such a way that they are protected against mechanical damage during transport to the greatest possible extent.

Lifting eye bolts must slways be screwed tight in such a way that they fit flush against the bearing face.

Any loading at right angles to the plane of the eye is not permissible.

If a given orientation in relation to an axis, edge or the like has been prescribed for a screwed-in lifting eye bolt, shims shall be inserted if necessary to exclude the possibility of incorrect loading.

The loading values specified apply solely to the use of lifting are bolts according to the present Standard on workpieces made of steel, cast steel or grey cast iron.

## Explanations

The February 1956x edition of DIN 580 Part 1 specified Siegens-Martin steel St 34 or C 15 as materials The recrusive Manufacture of lifting eye bolts, at manufacturer's choice. The present new edition of the Standard solely prescribes C 15, which is somewhat more ductile than St 34. The technical conditions of delivery have been revised accordingly. The values for the maximum permissible loadings also had to be re-evalusted in this connection.

for this purpose, a series of tensile tests was carried out on lifting eye bolts made from C 15, in the plane of the eye, both at right angles to the direction of the axis and at an angle of 45° to the direction of the axis. This corresponds with the two methods of loading specified in the Standard. The object of the tests was to determine the onset of permanent deformation and the ultimate load at fracture. The of the two-town to determine the does of perminent deformation and the ultimate load at fracture. The results of these tests led to the new loading values appectfued in the present Standard. These values are higher than the previous once and apply solely to lifting eye bolts mude from C 15, they incorporate an indequate mafety angular incipient permanent deformation.

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In order to avoid any confusion in future, all lifting eye bolts made from C 15 must be stamped with the he of the event and consistence on toture, all filling eye colle made from 0 15 must be stamped with the material symbol. Any lifting eye bolts which do not feature the C 15 symbol may only be loaded up to the previously valid loading values listed in the Table below.

	,		Σ 2	M 10	M12	M 16	M 20	M 20 × 2		M24×2	M 30	<b>m</b>	M 36	M 36 × 3	M 42	M 42 × 3	M 48	M 48 x 3	M 56	M 56 × 4	Z Z	M 64 × 4	M72×6	M72×4	₩.	M 80 × 4	× 8	X X
-	1 min.		20	24	29	35	38		47		55		66		77		83		95		106		111			_[		IJ
<u></u>					Maxi	mum la	adi	nge	by	tl	ie p	ie	c e	lif	Led.			ال. خ		3	11	0	12	Ц	134	5	146	4
llud lo ao	for one bolt	Begi	85	150	220	380	ļ		1050		1700		2500		3400		5200		6500		8700		13 000		17 000		000	1
ec t	for two bolts, total								100	ю	1800		2600		3600		5200		6500		8400		12 000		8 00	20 2	2 000	,

During the elaboration of the new edition of the Standard, it was realized that there was no logical re-During the elaboration of the new edition of the Standard, it was realized that there was no logical relationship between the existing threaded stud lengths and the thread diameter. The ratios of threaded stud length to thread diameter varied between 1.9 and 1.3. There was no logical explanation or technical necessity for this discrepancy. One of the criticisms levelled against this state of affairs was the fact that the unnecessarily long threaded studs required equally deep tapped holes to accommodate them, and this resulted in wall thicknesses of bearing coverplates and similar components for which there was no real necessity. On the other hand, the opinion was expressed that the existing threaded stud lengths

The present edition therefore lists threaded stud lengths which do not differ markedly from the previous ones, and which have the following ratios to their respective thread diameters:

- 1 = 1.7 d<sub>1</sub> for sizes up to M 16
  1 = 1.5 d<sub>1</sub> for sizes from M 20 up to M 42
  2 = 1.4 d<sub>1</sub> for sizes from M 48 up to M 80
  1 = 1.3 d<sub>1</sub> for size M 100

The modified threaded atud lengths naturally required a modification of the depth of the tapped holes (di-The modified threaded atud lengths naturally required a modification of the depth of the tapped holes (dimensions b and t). Here again, there are no really marked differences in comparison with the previous depths, but there may be an interchangeability problem in certain cames where an attempt is made to use that old lifting eye bolts in new tapped holes. Therefore the old tapped hole either that is the Table above are valid for all lifting eye bolts which do not fenture the material symbol C 15.

The following modifications and additions have also been made in comparison with the February 1956x edition of DIN 580 Part 1:

- a) The values for the width f of the thread undercut have been taken from DIN 76.
- b) At manufacturer's choice, the thresded stud may be provided with a rounded end.
- c) The permissible variations have been deleted in part, and superseded by a reference to DIN 7526.
- d) The intermediate sizes previously listed above have been deleted.
- e) The technical conditions of delivery have been formulated afresh and more precisely.
- f) A section on "Assembly" has been incorporated for the first time.
- g) The suffix "Part 1" to the number of the Standard sheet has been dropped, because DIR 580 Part 2 was
- h) The screw thread eizes M 16 x 1.5 and M 20 x 1.5 have been incorporated for the requirements of the aircraft industry. This has made Standard DIN 70612 superfluous.

Attention is drawn to the fact that the lifting eye bolts according to the present Standard are intended first and foremost for lond applications as illustrated in the Table on page 1. In the case of transport of shafts with centre holes according to DIN 332 for example, the threaded studelengths (. especially for sizes M 2D and above, are insufficient to ensure an adequate number of lond-carrying threads equal to

In the September 1970 issue the above amendments and additions to the standard were implemented. However, In the Deptember 1970 lemme the appres amendments and additions to the standard were implemented, however, this previous insue contained printing errors affecting thread length b for sizes up to H 16 x 1.5 and the correction of these has necessitated the present new issue;